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Designing the Default Privacy Settings for Facebook Applications

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INTRODUCTION

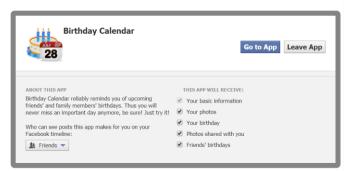
Our research aims to explore the effects of different designs of default settings embedded in privacy notices on influencing users' privacy behaviors and perceptions.

We use Nissenbaum's theory of *contextual integrity* to frame the design of our study. According to Nissenbaum, the relevance of information in respect to the situational *context* and the information *attributes* (type of information being shared) are two key parameters in terms of how individuals develop their privacy expectations and norms. We used these two theoretical concepts in our design of four variations of a privacy notice for a Facebook app.

METHODOLOGY

Experimental Design

Context: Sample prototype of the privacy notice for a Facebook Birthday App

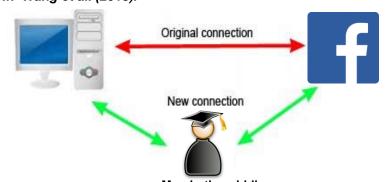


Attributes: Four manipulating conditions of default settings in privacy notices

	None	App-relevant	App-irrelevant	All
	selected	selected	selected	selected
	(NONE)	(RVT)	(IRVT)	(ALL)
	(N=47)	(N=52)	(N=50)	(N=50)
Birthday App	THIS APP WILL RECEIVE: Your basic information Your photos Your birthday Photos shared with you Friends' birthdays	THIS APP WILL RECEIVE: Vour basic information Your photos Vour birthday Photos shared with you Friends' birthdays	THIS APP WILL RECEIVE: Vour basic information Vour photos Your birthday Photos shared with you Friends' birthdays	THIS APP WILL RECEIVE: V Your basic information V Your photos V Your birthday V Photos shared with you V Friends' birthdays

Experiment Implementation

A Chrome browser extension was developed to override Facebook's default privacy notice for adding our Facebook app. We followed the experimental procedure we established in Wang et al. (2013).



Man-in-the middle (Our mimicked version of interface via browser extension)

Pre-Experiment Survey

We asked:

- > Participants' online experience
- Personal characteristics
- > Demographic information

App Installation Task

We captured:

- > Participants' behaviors to install the app
- > Participants' behaviors to modify the default settings

Post-Experiment Survey

We measured:

Comfort levels in disclosing different types of personal information via apps

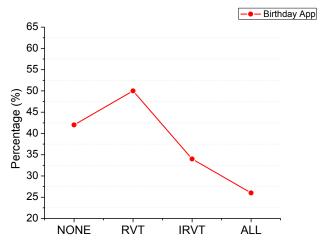
Please indicate how comfortable you feel to release the following information to Birthday Calendar.

(1 = always uncomfortable, 7 = always comfortable.)

- Perceived usefulness of the default settings (Davis, 1989)
 The default setting of the interface effectively helped me decide what personal information was appropriate to reveal to the app. (1 = strongly disagree, 7 = strongly agree.)
- Perceived privacy threat of the default settings (Dinev & Hart, 2006)
 There would be a high potential for privacy loss associated with giving the default selected personal information to the app.
 (1 = strongly disagree, 7 = strongly agree.)

PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Authorization Rates of the App



Comfort Level of Releasing Information

	Birthday App		
	μ	М	σ
Basic information	3.36	3	1.87
Your photos	2.50	2	1.62
Your birthday	3.62	4	1.92
Friends' photos	2.73	2	1.73
Friends' birthdays	3.47	3	1.93

Perceived Usefulness of the Default Settings

	Birthday App			
	NONE	RVT	IRVT	ALL
Mean	4.45	5.13	4.48	4.48
Median	5	5	5	5
SD	1.49	1.21	1.65	1.16

Perceived Privacy Threat of the Default Settings

	Birthday App			
	NONE	RVT	IRVT	ALL
Mean	4.54	4.50	5.20	5.51
Median	5	4	5	5
SD	1.43	1.46	1.41	1.18





